

Abstract Details

Title: Alternative refrigerants with low gwp & odp for commercial and domestic purpose: a review

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Abstract: Refrigeration is a process for maintaining a temperature below the surrounding temperature. Tetrafluoroethane R134 is commonly used as a refrigerant in domestic refrigeration after 2000, before that halogenated refrigerants R12 were used in refrigeration which is responsible for ozone layer depletion which acts as a shield for preventing us from ultraviolet radiation. Refrigerant R134a has zero ozone layer depletion (OLD) but a higher rate of global warming potential (GWP) and after the Kyoto protocol global warming is a serious issue as it increases the overall temperature of our surroundings and then arising the need of alternate refrigerants that can be used in place of refrigerant R134a (Tetrafluoroethane) in domestic refrigerators. In this paper, a study has been done on the alternative refrigerant for replacing the traditional refrigerant R134a. Various researchers working to find an alternative refrigerant with a higher coefficient of performance and cooling effect. Many researchers investigated the blend of propane and isobutane (R290 & R600a) which is a pure hydrocarbon refrigerant which has almost the same thermodynamic physical properties as of Tetrafluoroethane refrigerants. In this paper, various research works for selecting the blend of refrigerant, acceptable thermo-physical properties, blend in various proportions and operating parameters are reviewed.

Keywords: Alternative refrigerants, Global warming potential, Ozone layer depletion and thermo-physical properties.